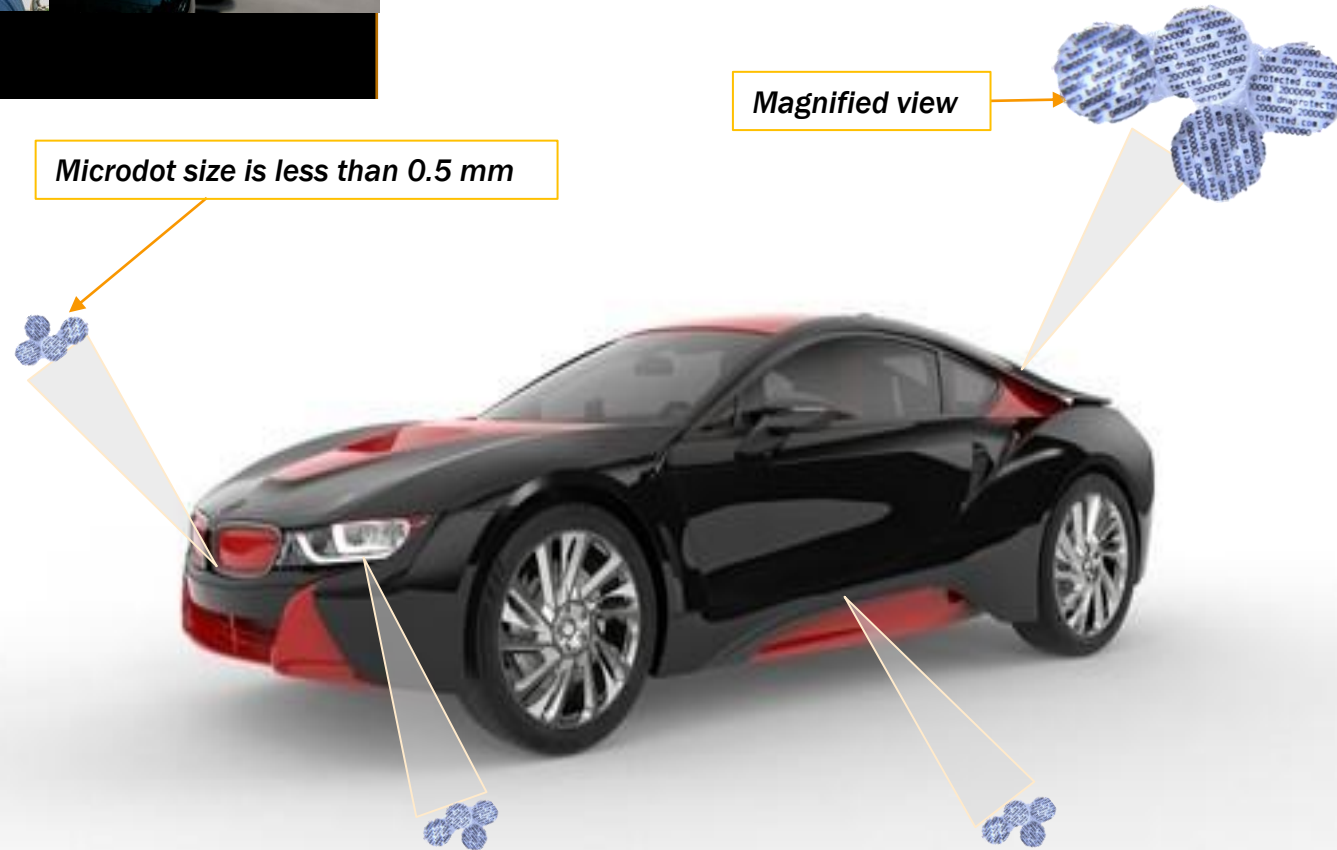


CAR IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM POLICE & USER GUIDE

Microdot size is less than 0.5 mm

Magnified view



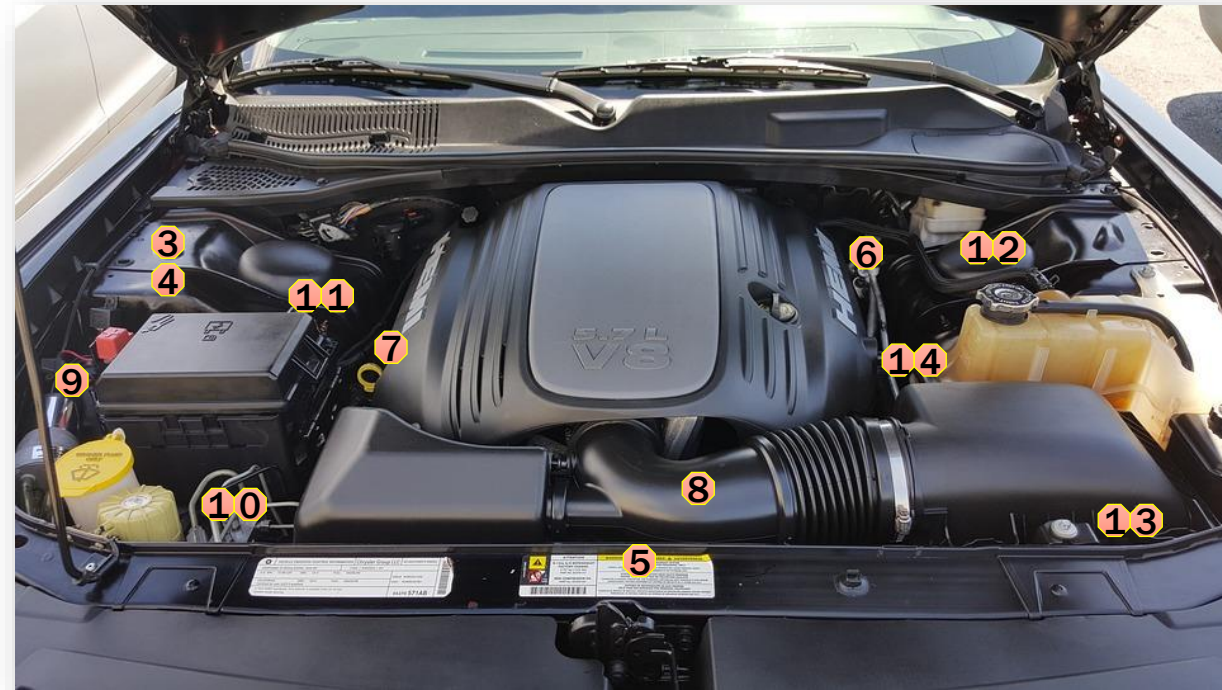
The following template identifies the typical points that are marked on a bicycle. Variation may occur depending the models and brands.

TYPICAL MARKING POINTS

1. Hinges and doors
2. Engine
3. Strut Housing
4. Air Intake
5. Radiator
6. ABS Module
7. Engine Block (various locations)
8. Intake Manifold
9. Fuse Box
10. Alternator
11. Speed Control
12. Computer board
13. Headlight board
14. Transmission board

ADDITIONAL MARKING POINTS

1. Front & Rear Bumper
2. Turbo charger
3. Side & Under seats
4. Electric radiator fan
5. Inside Alloy wheels



STICKER MARKING POINTS

1. Beside hood latch mechanism
2. Hood inner side
3. Windows
4. Main board

ADDITIONAL STICKER MARKING POINTS

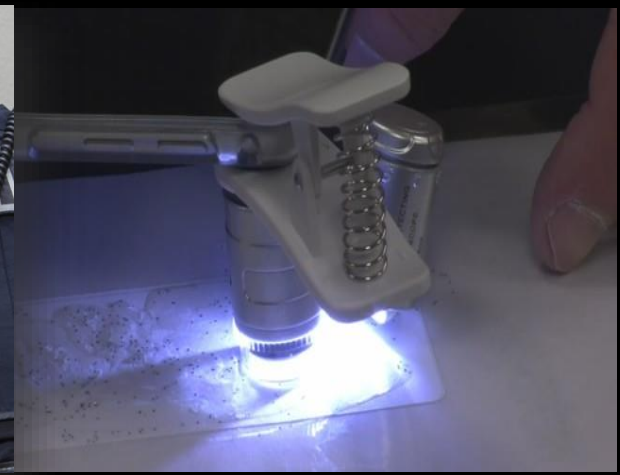
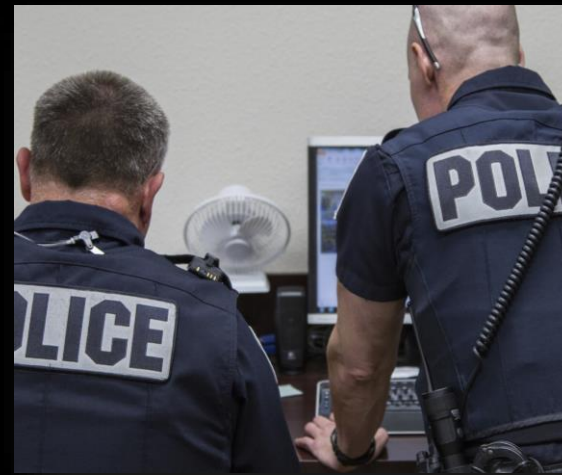
Additional sticker marking points can be chosen according to personal preference.

We highly recommend placing the stickers as visible as possible, so they can be spotted easy by Police as well as warning off potential thieves.



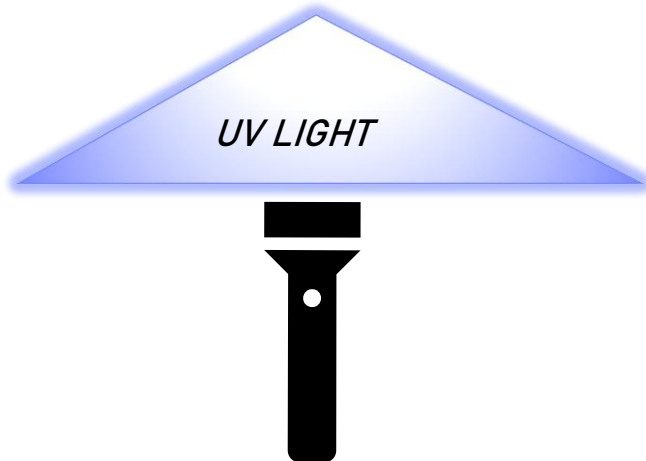
DNA PROTECTED MICRODOTS

A SIMPLE, PERMANENT AND EFFECTIVE METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND MARKING CARS.



The dots are mixed with a special adhesive which reflects under **UV light** exposure.

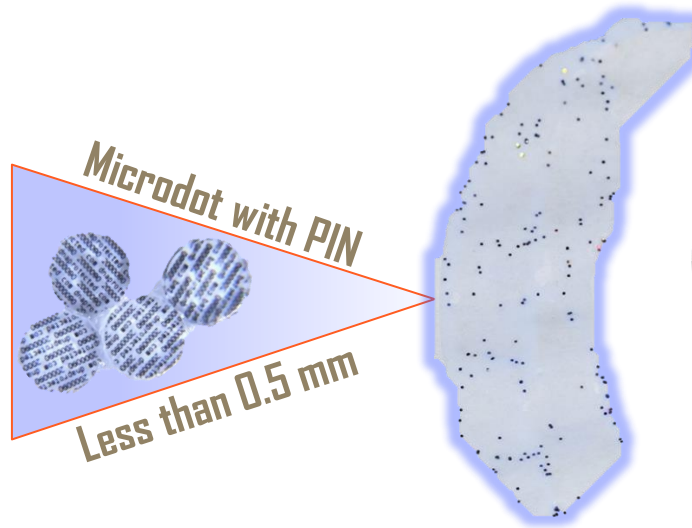
Once the spots have been detected, a microscope/magnifier is needed to read the PIN. For prove of proprietorship, the police & users, can match this pin to the legitimate owner in the database



Magnifier



Microdot with PIN
Less than 0.5 mm



DNA PROTECTED MICRODOTS

A SIMPLE, PERMANENT AND EFFECTIVE METHOD OF IDENTIFYING AND MARKING VEHICLES.



About DNA PROTECTED Forensic marking?

DNA PROTECTED is an innovative security company, giving you the latest forensic crime solutions methods. With microdot technology and forensic pens, we are indisputably linking criminals to their crimes & thieves to their stolen goods. Forensic marking is the application of DNA to an object in order to make it distinctive, unique and undoubtedly recognizable. How else would you **be able to pick one mobile phone from a pile of 100 of the same make and model?** Serial numbers and other identification methods are being detected and overridden as thieves keep advancing and adapt to the newest security measures. The goal is to apply markings without hurting the look or the quality of the item on the one hand and are as good as impossible to remove on the other.

How the Police detect and read Forensic Marks?

The process is very simple. A DNA PROTECTED sticker has been applied to indicate that a vehicle is marked with a unique forensic code. Police Officers are using UV lights to find the forensic mark on your car. Once detected they need to use the magnifier to read the code on the microdot. Checking the code in the database, the owner of the car is identified in an instant. In case stickers are removed or damaged, Police Officers are still able to detect the unique PIN under UV light.



What are the "Typical Marking Points"?

Typical marking points are the locations on your car where your PIN has been written/applied. These are usually the most expensive and valuable parts of your vehicle and police officers are also trained and guided to look for these marks. In some models & brands, typical marking points may vary and naturally, users are free to mark additional points to this criteria.

Where to get DNA Protected?

The DNA PROTECTED MICRODOTS are subject to production and copyright of DNA PROTECTED™. For points of sale and more information please visit Web: www.dnaprotected.com or contact Email: info@dnaprotected.com

Who can access the database?

The DNA PROTECTED database is only available to Police Departments and other approved regulatory bodies in Europe, the USA and Canada, underlying strict control measurements. Data Protection laws are followed under permanent vigilance.

